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ELECTRONICALLY FILED
Superior Court of California County of Alameda
County of Alameda
04/10/2023

Chad Finke,	Executive	Officer	/ Clerk	of the	Court
Byr	L.	Irvin		Don	unter

DAVID S. RATNER (SBN 316267) SHELLEY A. MOLINEAUX (SBN 277884) RATNER MOLINEAUX, LLP 1990 N. California Blvd., Suite 20 Walnut Creek, CA 94596 Tel: (925) 239-0899 david@ratnermolineaux.com shelley@ratnermolineaux.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff
OMI SALAS-SANTACRUZ

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA COUNTY OF ALAMEDA

OMI SALAS-SANTACRUZ, individually

Plaintiff,

v.

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UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY, and PATRICIA BAQUEDANO-LOPEZ, an individual, and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive.

Defendants.

Case No. 22CV022013

AMENDED COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

- 1. Retaliation, Cal. Gov't Code §12940(h)
- 2. Hostile Work Environment Harassment, Cal. Gov. Code § 12940(j)
- 3. Failure to Prevent Discrimination and Harassment, Cal. Gov. Code § 12940
- 4. Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress
- 5. Gender Discrimination

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

1. Plaintiff OMI SALAS-SANTACRUZ ("Salas-SantaCruz") individually, brings this action against Defendants THE REGENTS OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA ("The Regents"), and PATRICIA BAQUEDANO-LOPEZ ("Baquedano-Lopez"), an individual, and DOES 1 through 50, inclusive.

PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff is, and at all times relevant to this action was, a resident of the City of Sacramento, California. The events giving rise to this action arose in Berkeley, California.
 - 3. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and based thereon alleges, that Defendant the Regents

of the University of California (Regents) is the governing board of the University of California and is authorized to do business in California.

- 4. The University of California, Berkeley (hereinafter "Berkeley") is part of the University of California system and is governed by Defendant Regents.
- 5. Plaintiff does not know the true names of Defendants Does 1 through 50, inclusive, and therefore sues them by those fictitious names. The names, capacities, and relationships of Defendants Does 1 through 50, inclusive, will be alleged by amendment to this Complaint when the same are known to Plaintiff.
- 6. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise, of defendants Does 1 through 50 ("Does"), inclusive and each of them, are not known to Plaintiff at this time. Such Does are legally responsible for the events and happenings described herein and for the damages proximately caused thereby. Plaintiff will seek the leave of the Court to amend this complaint to set forth the true names and capacities of any such Does when they have been ascertained.
- 7. On information and belief, at all times mentioned herein, defendants, inclusive and each of them, including without limitation any Does, were acting in concert and participation with each other; were joint participants and collaborators in the acts complained of; and were the agents and/or employees of one another in doing the acts complained of herein, each acting within the course and scope of said agency and/or employment.
- 8. Defendant Patricia Baquendo-Lopez was at all times relevant to this action a Professor at Berkeley and an employee of Defendant Regents.
- 9. The Regents, Baquedano-Lopez and Does 1 through 50, inclusive, are collectively referred to hereafter as "Defendants".

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 10. This Court has jurisdiction over Defendants because at all times relevant, they were authorized to transact, and are transacting business in California.
- 11. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure § 395, because the acts, events and omissions complained of herein occurred in Alameda County, California.

EXHAUSTION OF ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDIES

12. On or about October 17, 2022, Plaintiff obtained a Right to Sue Letter from the California Civil Rights Department attached hereto as Exhibit A.

GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

- 13. Plaintiff Omi Salas-Santa Cruz is a 38-year-old, non-binary person, who at all times relevant lived in Sacramento, California.
- 14. Plaintiff worked at Berkeley, initially in the Law School starting on September 2, 2014, then in 2015-2017 began to work for the School of Education Laboratory for the Study of Interaction and Discourse in Education Research (L-SIDER), and UC The Regents Summer Sessions on a part-time basis, or summer-based employment. Plaintiff's last employment was for a course in 2020 in the Gender Women Studies Department.
- 15. After being denied job opportunities, Plaintiff began working as Director/Fellow in the Multicultural Community Center, until their constructive termination in May 2017.
- 16. At all times in the previous five years their teaching rating was above average and only 2% of the school education instructors earn the Outstanding Instructor recognition, which they received.
- 17. In May 2016, Plaintiff began a gender-affirming transition both socially and medically. After Plaintiff's transition, they were excluded from work at the lab, the lab site (a local San Francisco Elementary School), and eventually removed from the lab project, the lab office itself, and given a schedule in another center, The Center for Latino Politics Research, to be attended during non-business hours.
- 18. Throughout Fall 2016 and Spring 2017, Plaintiff was not granted the same scholarly and research opportunities as their peers both in the lab and the center. In Spring of 2017, Plaintiff was notified about gossiping about their person, body, appearance, being called an "it", "a thing" and was shown a text from the lab director to another peer that stated to be "careful of Omi" because "trans people are deceiving."

- 19. Beginning in May 2016 Professor Baquedano-Lopez began to change her attitude towards Plaintiff, mocking Plaintiff's gender transition and their person as a trans individual. Baquedano-Lopez began sabotaging Plaintiff's letters of recommendation, removing Plaintiff from publication opportunities, denying reimbursements for research-related work, and asking the admins in the School of Education to remove Plaintiff from funding opportunities. She asked Plaintiff to commit voucher fraud, for her to have two students support her, by having Plaintiff split their summer stipend to pay the second student's expenses, which she did not have permission to do so. Plaintiff chose not to do this and was pressured to give up their summer stipend and job or choose to live below minimum wage and commit university voucher fraud. Plaintiff then reported this as an abuse of power and ethics complaint.
- 20. During this same time, Plaintiff saw a text message from Baquedano-Lopez to a student where she called Plaintiff an "it" and to be careful of them. Plaintiff also found out that they were the only lab researcher not receiving reimbursement for attending a lab related conference paper presentation, in which Baquedano-Lopez responded to a student's inquiry, "What about Omi's reimbursement part?" She responded, "It is not my problem."
- 21. Starting in Fall of 2016, Plaintiff experienced that while coming in early to the Center for Latino Policy Research a homeless person, who appeared and acted under the influence, inside of the wheelchair access landing. This homeless person harassed, yelled, and cursed at Plaintiff daily. Plaintiff verbally reported this to the University and Baquedano-Lopez on multiple occasions, filed a formal complaint into Defendant's IX system. Defendants took no action to remove this person. Plaintiff felt unsafe and at risk of being harmed. By the Fall of 2018 Plaintiff submitted a follow-up report to the ethics points system, due to Defendant's inaction.
- 22. In October 2018, Plaintiff and three other students met with Dean Dr. Prudence Carter, to discuss the abuse of power by Baquedano-Lopez causing an investigation to take place. They met with the Dean in hopes to get support to advance the investigation process as the formal complaints were not

being taken seriously by the larger university system and Title IX office. The Dean stated she would be impartial in treatment; however, she sided with Baquedano-Lopez and placing her as head of equity advising, which oversees fellowships, department equity complaints, and networking opportunities.

- 23. Despite their meeting qualifications for a fellowship, Baquendo-Lopez denied Plaintiff the fellowship because Plaintiff was not under "normative time" although it was apparent that Defendants, particularly Baquedano-Lopez were stalling Plaintiff's advancement. Baquedano-Lopez held networking events and socials in her residence denying Plaintiff access to opportunities to meet potential academic colleagues/collaborators.
- 24. After a year of inaction on the complaint via Title IX, Plaintiff followed up as things in the School of Education were continuing to decline. In May of 2019, Plaintiff complained that their new faculty, Michael Dumas, was not submitting letters of recommendation, submitting required documents for external fellowships, or meeting their disability accommodations.
- 25. Plaintiff submitted all the required documents for appointment application with the school of education in the Spring and Fall of 2018 and again Fall of 2019. Plaintiff was never selected for jobs or received a follow-up correspondence. Although these job applications are beyond the statute of limitations, they are the evidence of the hostile environment and discriminatory animus to which Plaintiff was subjected during Plaintiff's time at Berkley. The school of education had Plaintiff's application until Plaintiff graduated and Plaintiff did not receive a single teaching or research job offer.
- 26. In August 2019, Plaintiff further inquired about not getting internal student teaching positions, despite their applications. The School of Education staff and faculty received general training on trans inclusion and from that moment Plaintiff began to be ignored by staff and not given any fellowships, jobs, or even prompt responses related to administrative issues such as prompt responses to forms needed for degree completion. This continued for Plaintiff's entire tenure at Berkeley.

- 27. In October 2019, Plaintiff received three letters of support from students and faculty member who experienced similar discrimination or had witnessed the events described by Plaintiff. These letters were requested from Title IX officer Alvaro Soria to begin the investigation.
- 28. In Spring of 2019 Plaintiff was finally able to secure a job by directly applying with Professor Lisa Garcia-Bedolla. If Plaintiff did not contact the Professor directly the school of education would not have forwarded the application. Usually, at 50% employment, employees' fees are fully covered, and if not, the department would usually find funding for the employees. However, that did not happen in Plaintiff's case. Plaintiff secures a 50% job, but the department chose not to pay Plaintiff's fees and suggested the professor find funding to cover Plaintiff's fees.
- 29. In May 2020, Defendants in general and Baquedano-Lopez particularly, denied Plaintiff's continuing student fellowship and further denied them internal job opportunities and fellowships. Plaintiff continued following up with the investigation and submitted their requests. Plaintiff complained about the inaction from the Title IX Office. They were told there was an oversight due to the investigator taking a new director position. Berkeley then conducted an external investigation into Plaintiff's complaints. Plaintiff received two reports stating the investigation resulted in confirmed sexual harassment and delineated an abuse of power from Baquedano-Lopez and a denial of disability accommodations from Dr. Dumas.
- 30. However, Plaintiff continued to experience discrimination from the department in general and Baquedano-Lopez in particular. Plaintiff submitted their dissertation to their committee and dissertation system one week before the deadline. A few hours before the deadline, Plaintiff was notified their petition for an external co-chair had been ignored and not in the system and they had to spend all day rushing to ensure they could file on time.

- 31. In the Fall of 2021, Plaintiff was asked if Plaintiff could "sit in" lieu of Zeus Leonardo during a medical leave but when Plaintiff inquired about the possibility of pay the department went silent.
- 32. In May 2022, Plaintiff had an exit interview with a new employee, Dr. Tesha Sengupta-Irving who acknowledged a lack of disability related accommodations and requested feedback for future students, acknowledged hearing a lack of support from the department after Dr. Dumas firing, and the school failures to have both gender affirming, supportive faculty and work/courses related to the degree advertised and sought by Plaintiff stating the school would be changing its name and potentially reconsidering the name of the degree itself as to not "defraud" incoming students into thinking the program offers courses in line with the degree advertised.
- 33. For the three years before filing this action Defendants harassed, marginalized, and denigrated Plaintiff denying them the full opportunities and benefits that non-trans PHD candidates at Berkeley received during the same time period. As a result of this hostile environment, Plaintiff suffered extreme emotional distress and psychological injury.
- 34. In violation of Cal. Gov. Code §12940, Plaintiff was discriminated against based on gender and sex. Plaintiff is informed and believes that other co-workers have been given opportunities for promotion, scholarly and research opportunities, fellowships, access to opportunities to meet potential academic colleagues/collaborators, and letters of recommendations.
- 35. The discrimination Plaintiff experienced in the workplace caused Plaintiff extreme stress, anxiety, worry, loss of sleep, changes in appetite, dramatic loss of weight, apprehension, and dismay. As a result of the emotional toll on Plaintiff, they experienced feelings of paranoia, depression, and a triggering of ADHD. Plaintiff began seeing an in-house specialist at Berkley to be evaluated, which resulted in the suggestion of Plaintiff seeking a psychiatrist.

- 36. Plaintiff began seeing a psychiatrist in July 2017 and was diagnosed with depression and anxiety and was given medication for both as they were having night panic attacks, suicidal thoughts and was deeply depressed. Plaintiff was also diagnosed with ADHD, as was believed that certain traumatic events can trigger other issues.
- 37. The Regents knowingly permitted working conditions that a reasonable person in Plaintiff's position would have found to be intolerable. Plaintiff was forced to leave Berkeley as a result of these intolerable conditions.
- 38. Defendants have discriminated and retaliated against Plaintiff based on gender and sex in violation of Cal. Gov. Code § 12940. Defendant failed to investigate and prevent the foregoing discrimination and retaliation, despite Plaintiff's complaints, in violation of Cal. Gov. Code § 12940. Defendant Baquedano-Lopez is also liable for intentional infliction of emotional distress.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Retaliation

Cal. Gov. Code §12940(h)

(Against All Defendants)

- 39. Plaintiff re-pleads, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference each allegation set forth in this Complaint.
- 40. At all relevant times, the California Fair Employment & Housing Act, sections 12940, et seq., was in full force and effect, and binding on Defendants.
- 41. FEHA makes it an unlawful employment practice for an employer to retaliate against an employee who has opposed a forbidden practice or filed a complaint against an employer or supervisor. CGC §12940(h).
- 42. Plaintiff made multiple complaints to Defendants regarding discrimination they were experiencing from their professor based on Plaintiff's sex and gender.

- 43. Defendants retaliated against Plaintiff by constructively terminating Plaintiff's employment.
 - 44. Plaintiff was harmed.
 - 45. Defendants' conduct was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiff's harm.
- 46. As a result of Defendants' discriminatory and retaliatory treatment Plaintiff suffered emotional distress and felt humiliated, embarrassed, anxious, and depressed.
- 47. The conduct of Defendants and each of them as described above was malicious, fraudulent, or oppressive and done with a willful and conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights.

 Defendants and each of them, and their agents/employees or supervisors, authorized, condoned, and ratified the unlawful conduct of each other. Consequently, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages against Defendant Baquedano-Lopez.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

Hositle Work Environment Harassment

Cal. Gov. Code § 12940(j)

(Against All Defendants)

- 48. Plaintiff re-pleads, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in this Complaint.
- 49. Defendants, and each of them, either individually and/or through their agents, engaged in the foregoing conduct, which constitutes a pattern and practice of hostile work environment harassment in violation of Government Code sections 12940(j), which provides that harassment of employees is an unlawful employment practice.
- 50. Plaintiff endured harassing conduct by Defendants and/or Defendant's managers that took place throughout Plaintiff's working environment.
- 51. Plaintiff considered the work environment to be hostile or abusive towards people identifying as non-binary.

- 52. Plaintiff's supervisor engaged in the conduct.
- 53. Defendants knew or should have known of the conduct and failed to take any corrective action whatsoever, let alone immediate appropriate corrective action.
- 54. The above-described acts and conduct by Defendants proximately caused Plaintiff damages and injury in an amount to be proven at trial.
- 55. The conduct of Defendants and each of them as described above was malicious, fraudulent, or oppressive and done with a willful and conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights.

 Defendants and each of them, and their agents/employees or supervisors, authorized, condoned, and ratified the unlawful conduct of each other. Consequently, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages against Defendant Baquedano-Lopez.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

Failure to Prevent Discrimination and Harassment

Cal. Gov. Code § 12940

(Against All Defendants)

- 50. Plaintiff re-pleads, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in this Complaint.
 - 51. Government Code section 12940(m)(2) provides in relevant part:

 It is an unlawful employment practice . . . (k) For an employer . . . to fail to take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent discrimination and harassment from occurring.
- 52. Defendants wrongfully failed to take all reasonable steps necessary to prevent harassment and discrimination of Plaintiff based on Plaintiff's gender and sex.
- 53. Plaintiff suffered and continues to suffer harm as a result of Plaintiff's treatment and exit by Defendants.
 - 54. Defendants' conduct was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiff's harm.
- 55. Under Government Code section 12940, Plaintiff is entitled to recover Plaintiff's economic and noneconomic damages caused by Defendants' unlawful practices. Plaintiff is also entitled

to reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Government Code section 12965.

56. The conduct of Defendants and each of them as described above was malicious, fraudulent, or oppressive and done with a willful and conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights. Defendants and each of them, and their agents/employees or supervisors, authorized, condoned, and ratified the unlawful conduct of each other. Consequently, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages against Defendant Baquedano-Lopez.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Intentional Infliction of Emotional Distress

(Against Defendant Baquedano-Lopez)

- 57. Plaintiff re-pleads, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in this Complaint.
- 58. Defendant's treatment of Plaintiff as discussed supra, exceeds the bounds of decency, is intolerable within our civilized community, and is therefore outrageous.
- 59. Defendant's actions, as discussed supra, were intended to cause Plaintiff to suffer the resulting emotional distress.
- 60. Defendant caused Plaintiff to suffer extreme emotional distress, as indicated by the lingering anxiety, extreme stress, worry, loss of sleep, changes in appetite, dramatic loss of weight, apprehension, paranoia, depression, triggered ADHD, panic attacks, and dismay that are the direct and proximate results of Defendant's conduct.
 - 61. Plaintiff was harmed.
 - 62. Defendant's conduct was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiff's harm.
- 63. The conduct of Defendant as described above was malicious, fraudulent, or oppressive and done with a willful and conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights. Defendant and each of them, and their agents/employees or supervisors, authorized, condoned and ratified the unlawful conduct of each other. Consequently, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages against Defendant Baquedano-Lopez.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Gender Discrimination
Cal. Gov. Code § 12940

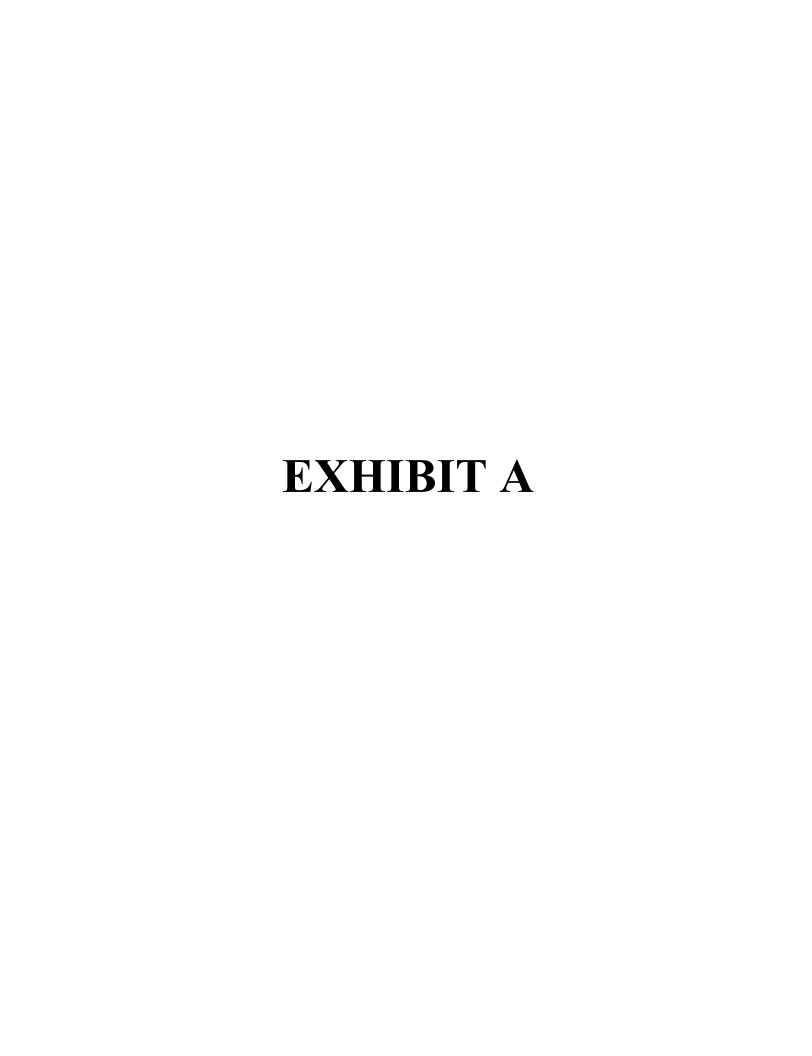
(Against All Defendants)

- 64. Plaintiff re-pleads, re-alleges, and incorporates by reference each and every allegation set forth in this Complaint.
 - 65. Government Code section 12940(a) provides in relevant part:

It is an unlawful employment practice . . . (a) [f] or an employer, because of the . . . sex, gender . . . of any person . . . to discharge the person from employment . . . or to discrimination against the person in compensation or in terms, conditions, or privilegeds of employment.

- 66. Plaintiff is a non-binary person.
- 67. Plaintiff was subjected to unwelcome gender discrimination.
- 68. Defendant was Plaintiff's employer, and Plaintiff was Defendants' employee.
- 69. Plaintiff was harassed by their Professor. This harassment included making comments about Plaintiff's gender-affirming transition, calling them an "it", exluding them from work at the lab, removing them from lab projects, sabataging their letter of recommendation, asking Plaintiff to commit voucher fraud.
- 70. Throughout their employment, Plaintiff made multiple complaints to Defendant about the harassment and discrimination they received from their professor. Despite Plaintiff's complaints of the harassment, Defendants did not remedy the situation.
 - 71. Plaintiff suffered harm when they were discriminated against by Defendants.
 - 72. Defendants' conduct was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiff's harm.
- 73. Under Government Code section 12940, Plaintiff is entitled to recover economic and noneconomic damages caused by Defendants' discriminatory practices based on Plaintiff's gender and violation of the Fair Employment and Housing Act. Plaintiff is also entitled to reasonable attorney's fees and costs pursuant to Government Code section 12965.
- 74. As a result of Defendants' discriminatory treatment Plaintiff suffered extreme emotional distress, as indicated by the lingering anxiety, extreme stress, worry, loss of sleep, changes in appetite, dramatic loss of weight, apprehension, paranoia, depression, triggered ADHD, panic attacks, and dismay that are the direct and proximate results of Defendant's conduct.
 - 75. The conduct of Defendants and each of them as described above was malicious,

1	fraudulent, or oppressive and done with a willful and conscious disregard for Plaintiff's rights.					
2	Defendants and each of them, and their agents/employees or supervisors, authrozied, condoned, and					
3	ratified the unlawful conduct of each other. Consequently, Plaintiff is entitled to punitive damages					
4	against Defendant Baquedano-Lopez.					
5	PRAYER FOR RELIEF					
6	WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against the Defendants, and each of them, as					
7	follows:					
8	1. Compensatory damages including emotional distress damages and lost wages, benefits					
9	and interest in a sum	according to proof;				
10	2. Interest on judgmen	t, including prejudgment interest, at the legal rate;				
11	3. Punitive damages ag	gainst Defendant Baquedano-Lopez in a sum according to proof;				
12	4. Attorney's fees and	costs; and				
13	5. For any further legal	l and equitable relief, the Court deems proper.				
14						
15	Dated: March 21, 2023.	RATNER MOLINEAUX, LLP				
16						
17		David S. Ratner				
18		Shelley A. Molineaux Attorneys for Plaintiff Omi Salas-SantaCruz				
19						
20	DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL					
21	Plaintiff hereby demands trial of her claims by jury to the extent authorized by law.					
22						
23	Respectfully submitted,					
24	Dated: March 21, 2023.	RATNER MOLINEAUX, LLP				
25	Buted: March 21, 2023.	KITTER MODITEROX, EEI				
26		David S. Ratner				
27		Shelley A. Molineaux				
28		Attorneys for Plaintiff Omi Salas-SantaCruz				





2218 Kausen Drive, Suite 100 | Elk Grove | CA | 95758 800-884-1684 (voice) | 800-700-2320 (TTY) | California's Relay Service at 711 www.dfeh.ca.gov | contact.center@dfeh.ca.gov

October 17, 2022

Shelley Molineaux 1990 N. California Blvd, St 20 Walnut Creek, CA 94598

RE: Notice to Complainant's Attorney

CRD Matter Number: 202210-18579717

Right to Sue: Salas-SantaCruz / UC Berkeley et al.

Dear Shelley Molineaux:

Attached is a copy of your complaint of discrimination filed with the Civil Rights Department (CRD) pursuant to the California Fair Employment and Housing Act, Government Code section 12900 et seq. Also attached is a copy of your Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue.

Pursuant to Government Code section 12962, CRD will not serve these documents on the employer. You must serve the complaint separately, to all named respondents. Please refer to the attached Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue for information regarding filing a private lawsuit in the State of California. A courtesy "Notice of Filing of Discrimination Complaint" is attached for your convenience.

Be advised that the CRD does not review or edit the complaint form to ensure that it meets procedural or statutory requirements.

Sincerely,

Civil Rights Department



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October 17, 2022

RE: Notice of Filing of Discrimination Complaint

CRD Matter Number: 202210-18579717

Right to Sue: Salas-SantaCruz / UC Berkeley et al.

To All Respondent(s):

Enclosed is a copy of a complaint of discrimination that has been filed with the Civil Rights Department (CRD)) in accordance with Government Code section 12960. This constitutes service of the complaint pursuant to Government Code section 12962. The complainant has requested an authorization to file a lawsuit. A copy of the Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue is enclosed for your records.

This matter may qualify for CRD's Small Employer Family Leave Mediation Pilot Program. Under this program, established under Government Code section 12945.21, a small employer with 5 -19 employees, charged with violation of the California Family Rights Act, Government Code section 12945.2, has the right to participate in CRD's free mediation program. Under this program both the employee requesting an immediate right to sue and the employer charged with the violation may request that all parties participate in CRD's free mediation program. The employee is required to contact the Department's Dispute Resolution Division prior to filing a civil action and must also indicate whether they are requesting mediation. The employee is prohibited from filing a civil action unless the Department does not initiate mediation within the time period specified in section 12945.21, subdivision (b) (4), or until the mediation is complete or is unsuccessful. The employee's statute of limitations to file a civil action, including for all related claims not arising under section 12945.2, is tolled from the date the employee contacts the Department regarding the intent to pursue legal action until the mediation is complete or is unsuccessful. You may contact CRD's Small Employer Family Leave Mediation Pilot Program by emailing DRDOnlinerequests@dfeh.ca.gov and include the CRD matter number indicated on the Right to Sue notice.

Please refer to the attached complaint for a list of all respondent(s) and their contact information.

No response to CRD is requested or required.

Sincerely,



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Civil Rights Department



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October 17, 2022



RE: Notice of Case Closure and Right to Sue

CRD Matter Number: 202210-18579717

Right to Sue: Salas-SantaCruz / UC Berkeley et al.

Dear Omi Salas-SantaCruz:

This letter informs you that the above-referenced complaint filed with the Civil Rights Department (CRD) has been closed effective October 17, 2022 because an immediate Right to Sue notice was requested.

This letter is also your Right to Sue notice. According to Government Code section 12965, subdivision (b), a civil action may be brought under the provisions of the Fair Employment and Housing Act against the person, employer, labor organization or employment agency named in the above-referenced complaint. The civil action must be filed within one year from the date of this letter.

This matter may qualify for CRD's Small Employer Family Leave Mediation Pilot Program. Under this program, established under Government Code section 12945.21, a small employer with 5 -19 employees, charged with violation of the California Family Rights Act, Government Code section 12945.2, has the right to participate in CRD's free mediation program. Under this program both the employee requesting an immediate right to sue and the employer charged with the violation may request that all parties participate in CRD's free mediation program. The employee is required to contact the Department's Dispute Resolution Division prior to filing a civil action and must also indicate whether they are requesting mediation. The employee is prohibited from filing a civil action unless the Department does not initiate mediation within the time period specified in section 12945.21, subdivision (b) (4), or until the mediation is complete or is unsuccessful. The employee's statute of limitations to file a civil action, including for all related claims not arising under section 12945.2, is tolled from the date the employee contacts the Department regarding the intent to pursue legal action until the mediation is complete or is unsuccessful. Contact CRD's Small Employer Family Leave Mediation Pilot Program by emailing



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DRDOnlinerequests@dfeh.ca.gov and include the CRD matter number indicated on the Right to Sue notice.

To obtain a federal Right to Sue notice, you must contact the U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) to file a complaint within 30 days of receipt of this CRD Notice of Case Closure or within 300 days of the alleged discriminatory act, whichever is earlier.

Sincerely,

Civil Rights Department

1 COMPLAINT OF EMPLOYMENT DISCRIMINATION BEFORE THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 2 **Civil Rights Department Under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act** 3 (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.) 4 In the Matter of the Complaint of Omi Salas-SantaCruz 5 CRD No. 202210-18579717 6 Complainant, VS. 7 UC Berkeley 8 2200 University Avenue Berkeley, CA 94704 9 Patricia Baquedano-Lopez 10 2200 University Avenue 11 Berkeley, CA 94704 12 Respondents 13 14 1. Respondent UC Berkeley is an employer subject to suit under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act (FEHA) (Gov. Code, § 12900 et seq.). 15 2.Complainant is naming Patricia Baquedano-Lopez individual as Co-Respondent(s). 16 17 3. Complainant Omi Salas-SantaCruz, resides in the City of Sacramento, State of CA. 18 4. Complainant alleges that on or about May 31, 2022, respondent took the following 19 adverse actions: 20 Complainant was harassed because of complainant's race, sex/gender, gender identity or expression, sexual harassment- hostile environment. 21 Complainant was discriminated against because of complainant's race, sex/gender. 22 gender identity or expression, sexual harassment- hostile environment and as a result of the discrimination was forced to guit, denied hire or promotion, denied work opportunities or 23 assignments.

Complaint – CRD No. 202210-18579717

Date Filed: October 17, 2022

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Complainant experienced retaliation because complainant reported or resisted any form of discrimination or harassment and as a result was forced to quit, denied hire or promotion, denied work opportunities or assignments.

Additional Complaint Details: Omi Salas-Santa Cruz is a 38 year old, non-binary person, who began employment with UC Berkeley on September 2nd, 2014 in Law School, then began to work for the School of Education Laboratory for the Study of Interaction and Discourse In Educational Research (L-SIDER), and UC Berkeley Summer Sessions on a part-time basis, or summer-based employment. After being denied job opportunities, Omi began working as Director/Fellow in the Multicultural Community Center. At all times in the previous five years their teaching rating was above average and only 2% of the school of education instructors earn the Outstanding Instructor recognition, which they received.

In May of 2016,, Omi began a gender-affirming transition both socially and medically. After Omi's transition, they were excluded from work at the lab, the lab site (a local SF elementary school), and eventually removed from the lab project, the lab office itself, and given a schedule in another center (The Center for Latino Politics Research) to be attended during non-business hours. Throughout Fall 2016 and Spring 2017 Omi was not being granted the same scholarly and research opportunities as their peers both in the lab and the center. In Spring of 2017, Omi was notified about gossiping about their person, body, appearance, being called an "it", "a thing" and was shown a text from the lab director to another peer that stated to be "careful of Omi" because "trans people are deceiving."

In May 2016, Professor Baquedano-Lopez began to change attitudes towards Omi, mocking Omi's gender transition and their person as a trans individual. She began sabotaging Omi's letters of recommendation, removing Omi from publication opportunities, denying reimbursements for research-related work, and asking the admins in the School of Education to remove Omi from funding opportunities. She asked Omi to commit voucher fraud, for her to have two students support her, by having Omi split their summer stipend to pay the second student's expenses, which she did not have permission to do so. Omi chose not to do this and was pressured to give up their summer stipend and job or choose to live below minimum wage and commit university voucher fraud. Omi then reported this as an abuse of power and ethics complaint. During this same time, Omi saw a text message from Professor B.-Lopez to a student where she called Omi an "it" and to be careful of them. Omi also found that they were the only lab researcher not receiving reimbursements for attending a lab related conference paper presentation, in which the Professor B.-Lopez responded to a student's inquiry, "what about Omi's reimbursement part?" She responded, "It is not my problem."

In October 2018, Omi and three other students met with the Dean, Dr. Prudence Carter, to discuss the abuse of power by Professor B.-Lopez and an investigation took place. They met with the Dean in hopes to get support to advance the investigation process as the formal complaints were not being taken seriously by the larger university system and Title IX office. The Dean stated she would be impartial in treatment, however she sided with the Professor and placed her as head of equity advising, which oversees fellowships,

Complaint – CRD No. 202210-18579717

Date Filed: October 17, 2022

department equity complaints, and networking opportunities. Omi was later denied a fellowship under the claim that Omi was not under "normative time" although it was apparent that they were stalling Omi's advancement. Professor B.-Lopez was doing networking events and socials in her residence denying Omi access to opportunities to meet potential academic colleagues/collaborators. After a year of inaction on the complaint via Title IX, Omi followed up as things in the School of Education were getting worse. In May of 2019, Omi complained that their new faculty, Michael Dumas, was not submitting letters of recommendation, submitting required documents for external fellowships, or meeting their disability accommodations. In August 2019, Omi further inquired about not getting internal student teaching positions, despite their applications. The School of Education staff and faculty received general training on trans inclusion and from that moment Omi began to be ignored by staff and not given any fellowships, jobs, or even prompt responses related to administrative issues such as responses to forms needed for degree completion.

In October 2019, Omi received 3 letters of support from students and faculty member who

In October 2019, Omi received 3 letters of support from students and faculty member who experienced similar discrimination or had witnessed the events described by Omi. These letters were requested from Title IX officer Alvaro Soria to begin the investigation. In May 2020, the school denied Omi's continuing student fellowship and further denied them internal job opportunities or fellowships. Omi continued following up with the investigation and submitted their requests. Omi complained about the inaction from the Title IX Office as was told there was an oversight due to the investigator taking a new director position. Omi was granted an external investigation who took over looking into their complaints. Omi received two reports stating the investigation resulted in confirmed sexual harassment and delineated an abuse of power from Professor B.-Lopez and a denial of disability accommodations from Dr. Dumas. Up to May 2022, Omi continued to experience discrimination from the department in general. Omi submitted their dissertation to their committee and dissertation system one week prior to the deadline. A few hours before the deadline Omi was notified their petition for an external co-chair had been ignored and was not in the system and they had to spend all day rushing to ensure they could file on time.

In May 2022, Omi had an exit interview with a new employee, Dr. Tesha Sengupta-Irving who acknowledged a lack of disability related accommodations and requested feedback for future students. Dr. Sengupta-Irving also acknowledged hearing a lack of support from the department after Dr. Dumas' firing, and the school failures to have both gender affirming and supportive faculty and work/courses related to the degree advertised and sought by Omi stating the school would be changing it's name and potentially reconsidering the name of the degree itself as to not "defraud" incoming students into thinking the program offers courses in line with the degree advertised.

Date Filed: October 17, 2022

-3-Complaint – CRD No. 202210-18579717

CRD-ENF 80 RS (Rev sed 10/22)

1	VERIFICATION
2	I, Shelley Molineaux , am the Attorney in the above-entitled complaint. I have read the foregoing complaint and know the contents thereof. The matters alleged are based on information and belief, which I believe to be true.
4 5	On October 17, 2022, I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.
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27	Complaint – CRD No. 202210-18579717
28	Date Filed: October 17, 2022
	CRD-ENF 80 RS (Rev sed 10/22)